



THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XVII.

WHY HENDRICKS HOPES.

HE HAS CONFIDENCE IN THE RESULT OF NOVEMBER.

E MALE COLLEGE,
GEORGIA.

TOURIST MOST ELEGANT BUILDINGS IN THE
STYLING IN LITERATURE, MUSIC AND ART. SPECIAL ATTEN-
TION TO THE STUDENTS. APPLY EARLY TO W. C. BASS.

MERCER UNIVERSITY,
MACON, GA.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL
OPEN ON THE LAST WEDNESDAY (26th) IN SEP-
TEMBER.

The rate of tuition is low, and does not very
greatly exceed the matriculation and other fees of
the old ones which has been answered well.

The theological department designed to prepare
young men for the ministry, is presided over by

the preparatory school, of which Mr. A. J. Bran-
ham, A. M., is principal; it is successful operation.

The term of instruction is about to be built
on the college grounds, and will be ready by the

opening of the fall term.

The attitude of Tammany came in the

fall of 1861, when he was called to the

army, and he was then in command of the

troops in the city, and the neglect of sanitary

measures.

Speaking of the recent scandal in public life

concerning Governor Cleveland, he said:

It is inconceivable that any man

should have come through three campaigns,

as he has done, without bringing to the surface

any event in his career which could by any

means whatever be tortured into a scandal.

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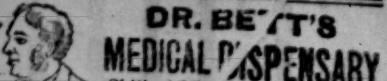
as he

MACON MATTERS.

THE DOINGS OF THE DAY IN THE CENTRAL CITY.

The Trial of Citizens of Monroe County on Charge of Kidnapping—Chief Justice, Liver Disease, and Young, Middle-Aged and Old Men, who are said to be in the city, the result of their being induced to leave their homes, or excess of any kind, chronic disease, and nocturnal emissions, is detailed in the paper, and finds his life a burden, and is persecuted in every way.

Patients treated in all parts of the world, unite from four medical colleges, a graduate of the Royal College of Physicians in England, France and America. Pamphlet on "Diseases of Man" free.



DR. BETT'S MEDICAL DISPENSARY

St. West 9th St., Cincinnati, O.

World-wide reputation for its dispensary have secured a

strength, Chest, Malaria, Liver Disease,

YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN,

who are said to be in the city, the result of their being induced to leave their homes, or excess of any kind,

chronic disease, and nocturnal emissions, is detailed

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Patients treated in all parts of the world,

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P WITH P

MAY mean "Poisoned with Potash." This is the case with hundreds who have been unwise enough to take Sarsaparilla, Potash mixtures, etc. and still digestion is almost fatally impaired. Swift's Specific is a vegetable remedy and restores the system to health and builds up the waste made by these poisons.

VICTIMIZED!

But Finally Relieved by S. S. S.
I was suffering with Blood Poisen, and treated with Mercury and Potash, only to make no worse. Then I took away my appetite and gave me dyspepsia, and became hysterical. I then took Sarsaparilla, etc. All these Sarsaparilla mixtures have Potash in them. It made me still worse, so I drove the poison farther into my system. A friend insisted I should take Swift's specific, and it cured me of the Blood Poisen, drove the Mercury and Potash out of my system, and to-day I am as well as I ever was."

GEORGE O. WELLMAN, Jr., Salem, Mass.
Cured Thoroughly and Absolutely.

John A. Smith, the largest merchant in Gainesville, Ga., says: "I suffered for years from the combined effects of Erysipelas and Eczema. I continued to grow worse under medical treatment and by taking medicine containing Potash. S. S. S. cured me thoroughly and absolutely. My appetite, strength and flesh returned as I was cured with it."

LET TRUTH TELL ITS STORY!

A Minister and the Children.
Rev. L. B. PAINE, Minister: We have been using Swift's Specific at the present time as our general health remedy, and have had remarkable results. We use it on the children and employees of the institution. It is such an excellent tonic, and keeps the blood so pure, that the system is less liable to disease. It has cured some of our children of Scrofula."

Treatment on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,

No. 5, Atlanta, Ga.
N. Y. Office, 129 W. 25th St.; bet 6th and 7th Ave.
Philadelphia Office, 136 Chestnut St.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD
GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., JULY 12, 1884.

Commencing Sunday, July 15, the following
Passenger Schedule will be operated:

Trains run by 9th meridian time, 22 minutes
slower than Atlanta time.

FAST LINE, NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

Leave Augusta... 7:45 am

Leave Athens... 8:45 am

Leave Gainesville... 6:45 am

Arr. Atlanta... 1:00 pm

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta... 2:45 pm

Leave Gainesville... 6:05 pm

Arrive Atlanta... 8:45 pm

Leave Augusta... 8:45 pm

NO. 29 DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta... 8:45 pm

Arr. Gainesville... 7:45 pm

Arr. Athens... 4:40 pm

Arr. Milledgeville... 6:45 pm

Arr. Milledgeville... 4:49 pm

Arr. Atlanta... 9:35 pm

Arr. Gainesville... 8:45 pm

Arrive Augusta... 5:45 pm

NO. 30 NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 31 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta... 9:45 pm

Arr. Gainesville... 10:45 pm

Arr. Athens... 11:45 pm

Arr. Milledgeville... 12:45 pm

Arr. Atlanta... 1:45 pm

Leave Augusta... 10:45 pm

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SUMMER RESORTS

H FALLS! ▶
of the South!

CENERY IN AMERICA.
CH TO SPEND THE SUMMER, AND THE GREAT
STOP IS

W HOTEL,
dampness. It is now partially opened and ready
PERSONS—modern conveniences, well trained servants, and
k., \$12.00 per month, \$40.00.

TS MADE FOR FAMILIES!
R. L. MOSS, Proprietor,
TALLULAH FALLS, GA.

PORTER SPRINGS
BOARD REDUCED.

SINCE THE RATES OF BOARD WERE FIXED
in the country, and because the rates have been
increased by unfavorable weather, and the rates are
the times, we follow the rates at Porter Springs to suit
for two months \$4.00, and annual rates \$25.00;
for four months \$10.00, and annual rates \$50.00;
for six months \$15.00, and annual rates \$75.00;
for eight months \$20.00, and annual rates \$100.00;
for ten months \$25.00, and annual rates \$125.00;
for twelve months \$30.00, and annual rates \$150.00;
for fourteen months \$35.00, and annual rates \$175.00;
for sixteen months \$40.00, and annual rates \$200.00;

Porter Springs, July 22, 1884.

COOK & CLARK,
Managers.

A SOUTHERN HOME IN A NORTHERN CITY.
Mrs. E. L. MAGILL, FORMERLY OF SAVANNAH,
with home comforted me to come to New
York city, for the accommodation of families
from the north. Eight lines of cars run within
a block of the residence. Mrs. E. L. Georgia
McIntosh, Dr. J. C. Le Hardy, E. J. Johnson,
Savannah, Ga.; Mrs. William Curtis, Pryor Street,
Atlanta, Ga. Mrs. E. H. MAGILL.

Mammoth Cave, Ky

AMERICA'S GREATEST NATURAL WONDER.
Temperature 60 degrees at the entrance. The
coolest summer resort known. For cheap rates
at hotel, address
W. C. COMSTOCK, Lessee, Cave City, Ky.

INDIAN SPRING,
Georgia.

BOARD CAN BE HAD AT THE "VARNER
HOME" \$10.00 per month; \$10.00 per week;
and \$1.00 per day, half price. Good convey-
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and from the house.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MISS FREUDENTHAL,
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Office No. 11 East Alabama Street,
Surveys and plan of real estate, measurements
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and specifications for the construction of county
roads, bridges, etc., etc.

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Richard Peters, Esq., Wilkins, Post & Co.

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ASST. SUPERINTENDENT
Whitehall street, over Schumacher's Drug Store.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 24 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.
Correspondence solicited.

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Attorneys at Law,
15 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN L. & G. B. TYER,
Attorneys at Law,
McDonough, Ga.

R. P. LATNER,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.
Office, Room No. 1 Dunlap building. A general
law practice in the State and Federal Courts.

J. T. HOLLMAN,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.

FULTON COLVILLE,
Attorney at Law,
No. 23½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

Wm. A. Haygood. E. W. Martin.
HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
Lawyers,
17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

W. Y. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law,
Newnan, Ga.

J. A. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Has removed his office to 10½ Whitehall street,
where he will be pleased to have his friends favor
him with business calls.

JAMES W. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
Toccoa, Georgia.
Office, Room No. 5 Newman building. Will pre-
sue in all courts, state and federal.

EDMORY SPEER,
Attorney at Law,
Will appear in cases in the state and U. S. Courts,
except where United States government is a party.
Office—Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta
Court, Atlanta, Ga.

H. J. HAM,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate
Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga.

R. Wright, Max Myrbart, Seaborn Wright,
WRIGHT, MYRBART & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
Rome, Georgia.

Collections a Specialty.

PAUSE & SCHROETER,
Fresco and Scenic Artists,
Office, 21 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

Sketching, Drawing and Designing,
Governess—GOVERNOR'S MANSION, CHAS. BREW-
MANN, BENJ. CRANE, ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH,
GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK.

Out-of-town orders executed in the best style.

PILEPSY, FITS, FALLING FITS,
CURED

This is no Humbug. For information, free of
charge, write to

L. H. SCHUYLER, Stratford, Conn.

RAILROAD NEWS.

THE HEADLIGHTS RUNNING INTO
ATLANTA.

The Final Completion of the Vicksburg, Shreveport
and Pacific—The Louisville and Nashville
Projected Road From Atlanta to Co-
lumbus—Local Railroad Points.

Colonel Tom Magill, of the Central, left
yesterday afternoon via the Cincinnati Southern
for Chicago.

The Louisville and Nashville is now carrying
the bulk of the melon traffic.

Local men predict that there will be
no reduction on melon rates next
season. They say that the
hard times caused the demand for melons to
fall off in the northern and western cities and
interfered with good prices.

Mr. Geo. C. Jenner, of the Georgia Pacific,
spent yesterday in Atlanta.

TS MADE FOR FAMILIES!
R. L. MOSS, Proprietor,
TALLULAH FALLS, GA.

PORTER SPRINGS
BOARD REDUCED.

SINCE THE RATES OF BOARD WERE FIXED
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for two months \$4.00, and annual rates \$25.00;
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R. Wright, Max Myrbart, Seaborn Wright,
WRIGHT, MYRBART & WRIGHT,
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charge, write to

L. H. SCHUYLER, Stratford, Conn.

THE CONSTITUTION: ATLANTA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1884.

The Man of Destiny.

From the Albany Argus.
Grover Cleveland is the man of destiny of our
day and generation.

Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous
debility, impotence and sterility. \$2. De-
we fu su wky.

A Sticker.

"What is that?" he cried, excitedly, pushing
his way to the front of the free lunch counter.

"That, sir," answered the polite waiter, "is a
woman."

"Make way for me, then; I'm coming for my
share."

The crowd bounced him.

PALMER'S Perfume. EXQUISITE.

PALMER'S Toilet soap. LOVELY.

PALMER'S Lotion, the great skin cure.

PALMER'S Invisible, ladies' delight.

PALM Manual of Cage Birds, free.

Philadelphia makes twice as many carpets
as any other city in the world.

Numerous railroad offices sent large delega-
tions to the baseball match yesterday.

Mr. S. H. Hardwicke, traveling passenger
agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and
Georgia, will spend the summer in the Carol-
inas.

Considerable interest is being manifested in
the project of an air-line railroad from Colum-
bus to Atlanta, left to be opened in the fall.

Some of the leading agents and clerks have an
extraordinary amount of hard work to do. The
business of their business compels them to catch
up with their immense mass of figures and

The Constitution:

Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month \$2.50 for three months, or \$6 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.

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ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia

ATLANTA, AUGUST 1, 1884.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states at 1 a. m. to-day: Fair followed by partly cloudy weather, occasional rain, southwest winds, stationary temperature.

The estimated decrease of the public debt of the United States during the month of July is five million dollars.

EX-GOVERNOR HENDRICKS, who still in Saratoga, thinks that the scandalous stories about Governor Cleveland furnish there own refutation. He is also of opinion that the prohibition ticket in Indiana will draw votes away from the republicans rather than from the democrats.

The report of Mr. Nimo, who is the great figurehead of the country, shows that the exports and imports of the year just closed, while in favor of the United States, have been considerably reduced in comparison with the figures of the year before.

The members of the Georgia press excursion found their way into Atlanta last night, fresh from the warm hospitalities of eastern Pennsylvania, which they held in grateful remembrance. They will have a chance to-day to consider a proposition to run over to Birmingham on the Georgia Pacific.

If any one had predicted that the Atlanta base ball club, hastily thrown together and without practice, would beat the champion Stars of Columbus, three straight games, he would have been consider'd a fool. And yet they have done it, and we believe they can do it again. Atlanta has a capital club, and may look to it for many a brilliant game.

The report of Consul Mason upon the cholera epidemic in Marseilles, shows that despite all the ingenuity of science and the achievements of engineering, the danger which confronts Mediterranean cities is still as great as ever. The sewage of these cities is swept into a tideless sea, which lacks the circulation necessary for cleansing purposes. Hence, the sea front of every Mediterranean city is but a deposit of disease.

COLONEL HAMMOND'S ELECTION.

It was frequently said during the canvas before the primaries in the other counties between Jackson and Hammond that so much bitterness had been engendered that either would be beaten by an independent when nominated.

This is all foolishness. Colonel Hammond will receive the practically unanimous vote of the democratic convention of this district, and he will be overwhelmingly elected. There is no reason why he should not be. He has made an exceptional congressman. He is honest, honest and patriotic. He has made a strong fight for his place before democrats in their primaries, and he has won it. He is entitled to the vote of every democrat in the district.

Captain Jackson has set a fine example to his friends. He stated unhesitatingly, even in the very hour of his defeat, that he should earnestly support Colonel Hammond. He has lost more by the success of Colonel Hammond than any of his friends can possibly have lost. They can certainly be as warm in the support of Colonel Hammond as he is.

There is nothing more demoralizing in politics than the bolting of nominations fairly made, because of personal prejudice or preference. We had a personal preference for Jackson in this campaign that involved nothing against Colonel Hammond. We were anxious to see Jackson named by the primaries. We are now much more anxious to see Colonel Hammond elected, without a struggle and by 10,000 majority. We shall certainly do our best to bring this result about, and whether he is opposed by independent or republican, we shall be found in the front ranks fighting for Hammond and democracy. We hazard nothing in saying that the friends of Jackson will be with us, and that the men who voted against Hammond in the primary will vote just as solidly for him in the November election.

CAPTAIN HENRY JACKSON.

We do not think the political annals of the state will show a more brilliant race than the one made by Captain Henry Jackson.

Almost unknown to the people of the district outside of Fulton—with no political following or organization—devoted to the practice of his profession for many years past, he entered the field against the strongest man in the district, who was impregnably fixed by six years of blameless and distinguished service in the confidence and affection of his people.

In spite of these things Captain Jackson missed his election by the merest scratch. He carried the first two counties that acted by decisive majorities, and failed to carry the third by only 18 votes in more than 500. In this county he was beaten by less than 250 votes in a poll of nearly 5,000. So small a majority as this may well be attributed to chance. The slightest mistake made by either side, the smallest ripple created on election day, the most casual drift of the balloting as it progressed, would have changed this majority one way or the other.

While Captain Jackson was defeated, therefore, even those who opposed him will admit that his canvass was exceptionally brilliant and that victory fairly in his grasp and again during the campaign was lost by mischance. In the race Captain Jackson developed ability, audacity, aptitude for political speaking, and wonderful sympathy

with the people. That he has an illustrious and useful public career ahead of him, if he chooses to follow, is not doubted by either those who favored or opposed him, and his courageous and capable conduct in this canvass has knit thousands of true men to him with bonds of steel, who will respond willingly if he shall offer again to lead them.

THE NEW VOTING ELEMENT.

When the last census was taken there were round numbers 12,830,000 males over twenty-one years old. Of this number 6,030,000 had come to majority since 1865. These figures are the figures of four years ago. There are now fully 9,000,000 voters who were not old enough to vote at the close of the war. There are about 9,000,000 new voters, so speak, and about 5,000,000 of the old guard. The discrepancy will be rapidly enlarged as each year rolls around. The old voters are going to their long homes, and new voters are coming up the scene.

A majority of the voters know the civil war as they know the Mexican war or even the revolution—that is, by heresy, by study, by an effort of imagination. They do not share the passions and associations of the great internal struggle. "This," says the Boston Advertiser from its standpoint, "is one of the reasons for the abject failure of the 'bloody shirt' as a campaign expedient. Aside from the fact that eighteen years is a long time dealing with southern outrages, the cry appeals and hatreds, in which old association of the voters now have only a minute, with the appeal to party part. So reason for acquiescing it's allegiance as a whatever. This may be a nominal man who has followed it's powerful with the from 1865; but a large republican party population is part of the present for them present are not then born, and the only sure r'd not past performance is round of political attach-

P LAINE IN THE SOUTH.

We are told by those who have recently traveled in the west and northwest, and the information is confirmed by various hints and intimations in the papers, that the republicans of those sections are deluding themselves with the belief that Mr. Blaine is immensely popular in the south. They believe—those queer people—according to all accounts, that Mr. Blaine's personal popularity will enable his party to break through the political solidarity of the south.

The republican newspapers are deceiving their readers by their claims that Blaine will overcome the democratic majorities in West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina and Florida, but the talk among the republicans in the west and northwest exceeds this estimate. They say there is a hope of carrying Georgia and Louisiana for Blaine and the general tenor of their conversation conveys the idea that they are expecting something in the shape of a general cataclysm so far as the democratic party in the south is concerned.

They would not be surprised, it seems, to see the whole south whirl into the republican party, attracted by the magnetic qualities of the plumed knight, and they confidently expect to see a political revolution in this section next November.

There is no doubt the impression is a genuine one on the part of the ignorant people who vote with the republicans in the western and backwoods region of the republic. We say ignorant advisedly, for it is well known that an elementary education simply leads ignorance in the direction of prejudice. For years the republican voters have been abusing and maligning the southern people, and now we are expected to wheel in behind Mr. Jay Gould's "Rex Vestibuli." The idea is a very funny one, but it is absurdly nursed by the republican leaders because it is calculated to inspire the average voter with hope. When he sees his more intelligent republican friends and acquaintances preparing to vote for Cleveland and Hendricks, in order to put in operation certain necessary reforms, he is consigned to this section too preposterous for them to swallow. The young man paled and gasped for breath, trembling violently.

"Why man!" cried the astonished Fitch, "what are you doing?"

"No, no, I do not do—" sighed the agonized fellow.

"I always eat the crusts of my bread."

"I know it, papa," replied the incorrigible.

"I'm saving money for you, too—" Boston Time.

"Well, what can it be my friend?" said the boy, getting positively nothing at all yet when he left the school the day after until they ate of actual starvation.

"I met my wife at a baseball match."

POLITICAL NOTES.

The French have discovered that the Hova and the Chinese have not the same notions about fighting. At least the 1,200 French troops who were put to rout after six hours' fighting on the 27th did not have some such opinion. The French have been afraid of the Hova, who have a great love of country and justice, as their history shows, and know how to fight.

The Rochester, N. Y., Union publishes the names of sixty-two republicans in that city who declare their intention to vote for Cleveland and Hendricks. Among their numbers are twenty-seven business and professional men. Like their independent brethren elsewhere, they denounce Blaine as dishonest and corrupt.

OXF COMPANY of colored tragedians played "Othello" in New York, the other night, "Othello" wore a suit of yellow and red tights, and when he exhibited his teeth and the white of his eyes he looked truly diabolical. In the first scene with "Desdemona," he trod on her skirt, drawing from her the very natural admonition to "Get off 'n dat white dress!" In the garden scene "Othello" writhed and twisted so that his feet locked together, and "Iago" had to untie them. Then he fell upon "Iago" and flattened him. When he smothered "Desdemona" he went at it with terrible violence. The audience enjoyed the tragedy very much, and laughed until the tears rolled down their cheeks.

REV. DR. RIGG, of London, is bitterly attacking the American system of public schools, it seems that Professor Mathews, in a recent report to the royal commission, took the position that the vast amount of technical knowledge possessed by the non-graduate portion of the people of the United States is due to the system pursued in their public schools. Dr. Rigg denies this. He says that the American public schools have produced no appreciable effect upon the development of the organized industries of America. He admits that our invention, industry, energy and material progress are wonderfully conspicuous, but insists that the development of these national characteristics is not due to the intense vitality of the office of sheriff is highly honorable and of great dignity. In old times the sheriff was a mighty man. The Earls of Thanet were hereditary high sheriffs of Westmoreland and the office was once held by Annie, countess of Pembroke. This noble lady discharged her duties in person, and at the assizes sat with the judges on the bench. In England the sheriff is responsible to the crown. He is the custodian of the "posse comitatus." Formerly all jailers were his servants. He was entitled to a gift coach and a guard of forty men. Even in this democratic country a sheriff is a man of much importance and responsibility. Mr. Cleveland deserves credit for having filled such a position.

COTTON PICKING AND SPINNING.

The inventions for utilizing lint cotton are multiplying rapidly. Two original and daring designs are just coming before the public for test and possibly for adoption. The first is Mr. Mason's machine for cotton picking. Our readers are familiar with his plans. His machine has not been perfected, but it is so far advanced that its usefulness will soon be ascertained. If the picking machine can be operated to advantage, there is no counting its effects upon the cultivation of the plant; the crop would then be open indefinitely and well.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON Republican: "One of the curious features of the street the last days is the anxiety of moneyed interests to have it known that they are to do with Jay Gould. He appears to be in bad odor."

ROSCOE CONKLING is resting a few days from professional duties. The fact that he needs rest shows that Roscoe has been having a good deal of innocent fun.

THE Concord physicians have listed up their voices and described Emerson from fifteen points of view—all formal and profane.

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